Deer Valley Unified School District

Social Studies Curriculum



Kindergarten Grade

Curriculum Definition Page

Topic:

The organization of performance objectives into a common theme that promotes student engagement and focuses student inquiry.

Enduring Understanding:

A central and organizing notion that gives meaning and connection to facts. It has lasting value and can transfer to other inquiries and requires "uncoverage".

Standard and Related Concept:

Identifies the standard and concept from the state standards organized into the topic.

Performance Objective:

Observable and measurable objectives at each grade level from the state standards.

TOPIC:

Standard &

Related

Concept

Enduring Understanding:

Performance

Objectives

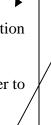
EIN

Quarter

I/B

Essential

Questions



E: The most essential and

I: Important learning.

critical learning.

N: Content that is nice to know but less critical to conceptual understanding and developmental learning.

I: Ouarter the concept is introduced.

B: Quarter the concept will be tested on the district benchmark test.

Collaboration and **Integration:** Other content areas or topics within the content that lend themselves to integration with this topic or concepts.

Collaboration

Integration

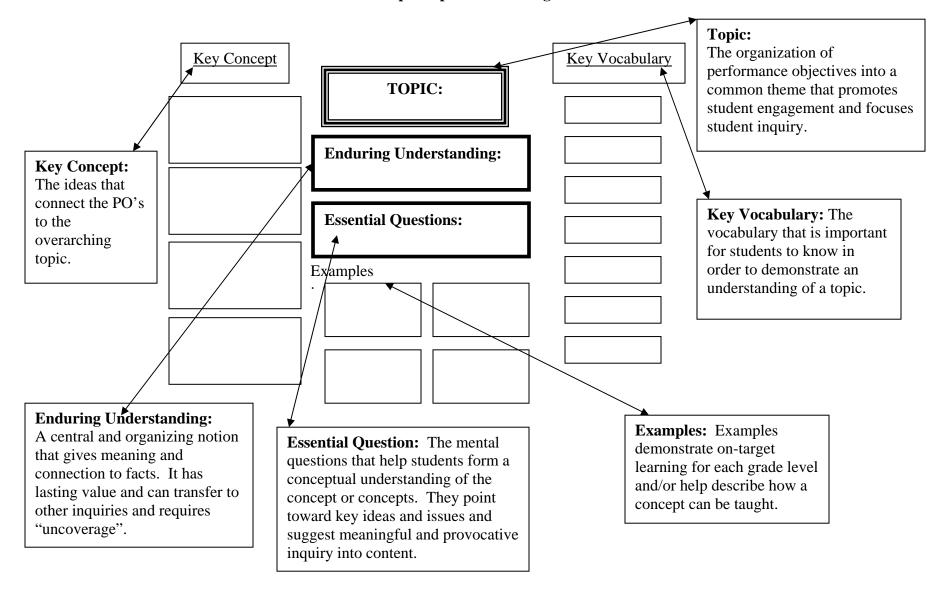
Assessments Resources

Resources: Materials that would benefit students as they develop a deep understanding of the topic. May include supplemental or adopted materials.

Assessments: Suggested assessments that will allow a teacher to collect data on student success.

Essential Question: The mental questions that help students form a conceptual understanding of the concept or concepts. They point toward key ideas and issues and suggest meaningful and provocative inquiry into content.

Concept Map Definition Page



TOPIC: American History			andronaine ideas as	. d d 16		Quarter this will be taught:
Standard and Related Concept	Performance Objectives	EIN Quarter	Essential Questions	Assessments	Resources Ch=Chapter L=Lesson	Collaboration and Integration
Strand 1 Concept 1: Research Skills for History	PO 1. Retell personal events to show an understanding of how history is the story of events, people, and places in the past. PO 2. Listen to recounts of historical events and people and discuss how they relate to present day. PO 3. Sequence recounts of historical events and people using the concepts of before and after. PO 4. Use primary source materials (e.g., photos, artifacts) to study people and events from the past	E I I	How did Native Americans live before explorers found the new land?			
Strand 1Concept 2: Early Civilizations	PO 1. Recognize that Native Americans are the original inhabitants of North American.	I	Tand:			
Strand 1Concept 3: Exploration and Colonization	PO 1. Recognize that explorers (e.g., Columbus, Leif Ericson) traveled to places in the world that were new to them. PO 2. Recognize that exploration resulted in the exchange of new ideas, culture and goods (e.g., foods, animals, plants, artifacts).	E	Why did explorers travel to new lands?			
Strand 1 Concept 4: Revolution and the New Nation	PO 1. Recognize that George Washington was our first President. PO 2. Recognize that the Fourth of July is our nation's birthday.	I	Why do we celebrate July fourth?			
Strand 1Concept 6: Civil War and Reconstruction	PO 1. Identify Abraham Lincoln as president of the United States who contributed to the rights and freedoms of others (Connect with Strand 3 Concept 1)	I	How did Abraham Lincoln contribute to freedom?			

Strand 1Concept 9: Postwar United States	PO 1. Recognize that astronauts (e.g., John Glenn, Neil Armstrong and the moon landing, Sally Ride) are explorers of space.	N		
Strand 1 Concept 10: Contemporary United States	PO 1. Discuss current events from various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps). Focus on U.S. PO 2. Recognize that students in classroom/school have diverse backgrounds and customs.	I E		

Recognize that Native Americans were the first to inhabit North America.

Discuss how exploration impacted change.

Recognize how our nation was created and the rituals that celebrate this event.

Recognize diversity in the classroom and community.

TOPIC: **American History**

Enduring Understanding:

Exploration was a means of discovery and a way of changing and exchanging ideas, goods and culture.

Essential Question(s):

How did Native Americans live before explorers found the new land?

Why do we celebrate July fourth?

How did Abraham Lincoln contribute to freedom?

Why did explorers travel to new lands?

Examples:

Provide pictures of Native American villages before settled. Compare pictures to their community.

Read *Crayons in the Crayon Box* or *The Sneetches*. Act out stories.

Have a birthday party for America, celebrating our nation's creation.

Exploration of campus "Become Explorers"
Discuss feelings of going to a new place, i.e. starting school.

Vocabulary:

Native Americans

North America

Exploration

President

Freedom

Independence

Rights

Cultures

Goods

Customs

Diversity

TOPIC: World History						Quarter this
	exploration resulted in the exchange of new ideas, cult	tures and	l goods; and the acqui	sition of new territo		will be taught:
Standard and Related Concept	Performance Objectives	EIN Quarter	Essential Questions	Assessments	Resources Ch=Chapter L=Lesson	Collaboration and Integration
Strand 2 Concept 2: Early Civilizations	PO 1. Recognize that groups of people in early civilizations moved from place to place (e.g., Asians, people of the Americas, Africans, Europeans)	I	How did people improve their lives through advancements?			
	PO 2. Recognize that early civilizations improved their lives through advancements (i.e. domestications of animals, tools, farming methods, calendars)	I	How did things change when explorers came to new places?			
Strand 2 Concept 5: Encounters and Exchange	PO 1. Recognize that explorers (e.g. Marco Polo, Magellan) traveled to places in the world that were new to them. (Connect Strand 1 Concept 3) PO 2. Recognize that exploration resulted in the exchange of new ideas, culture and goods (e.g. foods, animals, plants, artifacts). (Connect with Strand 1 Concept 3)	N N	How did explorers improve their lives when they traveled to new places?			
Strand 2 Concept 9: Contemporary World	PO 1. Discuss current events from various resources (e.g. newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, and maps)	I				

Recognize that exploration had an impact on our culture (e.g. foods, animals, plant, artifacts).

Recognize that exploration resulted in the exchange of goods and services.

Recognize that exploration added new land to countries around the world.

TOPIC: World History

Enduring Understanding:

World exploration resulted in the exchange of new ideas, cultures and goods; and the acquisition of new territories.

Essential Question(s):

How did people improve their lives through advancements? How did things change when explorers came to new places? How did explorers improve their lives when they traveled to new places?

Examine artifacts

(pictures etc.)and

world

cultures around the

Examples:

Daily calendar activities-Including history of calendars.

Become explorers using maps and globes identifying cultures along the way!

Vocabulary:

Exploration

Culture

Goods

Artifacts

Exchange

TOPIC: Citizenship/ Gover Enduring Understanding: Be	rnment eing responsible citizens is important in our daily	lives.				Quarter this will be taught:
Standard and Related Concept	Performance Objectives	EIN Quarter	Essential Questions	Assessments	Resources Ch=Chapter L=Lesson	Collaboration and Integration
Strand 4 Concept 1: Foundations of Government	PO 1. Recognize that national symbols and monuments represent American Democracy and values: American Flag, Bald Eagle, Statue of Liberty, White House PO 2. Recognize the Pledge of Allegiance and the National Anthem PO 3. Identify American Presidents. PO 4. Recognize that people in the United States have varied backgrounds but may share principles, goals, customs and traditions.	I I I E	What symbols represent American democracy?		L-Levisoni	
Strand 4 Concept 2: Structure of Government	PO 1. Identify current political leaders of the state and nation: President of the United States, Governor of Arizona (Connect with Strand 1 Concept 10)	I				
Strand 4Concept 4: Rights, Responsibilities and Roles of Citizenship	PO 1. Identify examples of responsible citizenship in the school setting and in stories about the past and present. PO 2. Recognize the rights and responsibilities of citizenship PO 3. Discuss the importance of students contributing to a community	E E	What are characteristics of a good citizen? How does citizenship relate to school behavior at			
	PO 4. Identify people who help keep communities and citizens safe	I	school? How can you or others contribute to the community?			

Recognize national symbols.

Recognize various cultures and backgrounds represented in the United States.

Identify current political leaders (president/governor).

Discuss the responsibilities as a citizen in the United States.

Explain your rights as a citizen in the United States.

TOPIC: Citizenship/Government

Vocabulary

Monument/Symbols

Pledge of Allegiance

Enduring Understanding:

Essential Question(s):

What are characteristics of a good citizen?

Being responsible citizens is important in our daily lives.

How can you and others contribute to your community?

How does citizenship relate to behavior at school?

What symbols and monuments represent American democracy?

National Anthem

Traditions/customs

President/Governor

Citizenship

Sportsmanship

Examples:

Character Counts
Program-Recognize
people who serve their
community

Diversity- compare and

communities.
Celebrate student

diversities.

contrast cultures within our

Compare rules to individual rights.

that represents them.

Discuss and explain
national symbols- Have
students create a symbol

Community

Responsibility

Rights

TOPIC: Economics Enduring Understanding: People work to earn money.						Quarter this will be taught:
Standard and Related Concept	Performance Objectives	EIN Quarter	Essential Questions	Assessments	Resources Ch=Chapter L=Lesson	Collaboration and Integration
Strand 5 Concept 1: Foundations of Economics	PO 1. Discuss different types of jobs that people do.PO 2. Match simple descriptions of work with the names of those jobs.	I E	What are some jobs people do to earn money?			
	PO 3. Give examples of work activities that people do at home. PO 4. Discuss differences between needs and wants.	I E	What is the difference between needing something and			
	PO 5. Recognize different forms of U.S. currency (Connect with Math Strand 1 concept 1) PO 6. Recognize people use money to purchase goods and services.	I	wanting something? What are things you need that your			
			parents buy for you?			

TOPIC: **Key Concepts:** Vocabulary: **Economics** Identify ways people work to earn Money money. Earn **Enduring Understanding:** People work to earn money Discuss the difference between Work wants and needs. Jobs Want **Essential Question(s):** Identify and explain what money What are some jobs people do to earn money? is used for. What is the difference between needing something and wanting Need something? What are things you need that your parents buy for you? Goods **Examples:** Services Invite community workers Draw a picture of a to visit class. want and need and explain the difference between them. Create a "T" chart Use play money in a class of wants and store. needs.

TOPIC: Geography Enduring Understanding: Maps	have many characteristics that help us understand the	world a	round us.			Quarter this will be taught:
Standard and Related Concept	Performance Objectives	EIN Quarter	Essential Questions	Assessments	Resources Ch=Chapter L=Lesson	Collaboration and Integration
Strand 4: Geography Concept 1: The World in Spatial Terms	PO 1. Recognize the difference between maps and globes. PO 2. Construct maps of a familiar place (e.g., classroom, bedroom, playground, neighborhood). PO 3. Determine the relative location of objects using the terms near/far, behind/in front, over/under, here/there, left/right, up/down (connect with science strand 5 concept 2, Math Strand 4 Concepts 1 PO 4. Identify land and water on maps, illustrations, images and globes. PO 5. Locate continents and oceans on a map or globe.	I I E	Why are maps useful? What characteristics are found on a map?			
Strand 4 Concept 2: Places and Regions	PO 1. Recognize through images how people live differently in other places and times	E	What do maps represent?			
Strand 4 Concept 3: Physical Systems Strand 4Concept 4: Human Systems	See Science Strand 4 Concept 3, Strand 6 Concept 1, Strand 6 Concept 3 PO 1. Discuss the elements (e.g., food clothing, housing, sports, holidays) of diverse cultures, including those in your own community. PO 2. Discuss the land-use of a community (e.g., industrial, residential, commercial, agriculture) PO 3. Describe how people earn a living in the community and the places they work. Connect with: Strand 5 Concept 1	I I N E	How are homes and people different? How can you earn money? How and why do we practice natural resource conservation?			

Strand 4 Concept 5: Environment and Society	PO 1. Identify the origin of natural resources (e.g., fish from sea, minerals from the ground, wood from trees, food from farms). PO 2. Identify ways of protecting natural resources (reuse, recycle, reduce).	I E		
Concept 6: Geographic Applications	PO 1. Discuss geographic concepts related to current events.	Ι		

Understand the purpose of a map.

Recognize what characteristics can be found on a map.

Recognize how people and customs are different.

Discuss the elements that make up a community (e.g. culture, land use, work).

Identify some of the earth's natural resources and ways to protect them.

TOPIC: **Geography**

Vocabulary:

Globe

Enduring Understanding:

Maps have many characteristics that help us understand the world around us.

Essential Question(s):

Why are maps useful?

What characteristics are found on a map?

What do maps represent?

How are people different?

How can you earn money?

Examples:

Color a basic map distinguishing land and water.

Have a "Clean Up Day"-Earth Day .

Compare other places in the world to familiar environments using pictures.

Use songs and poems to teach about the earth.

Map

Neighborhood

Community

Continent

Ocean

Recycle

Reduce

Reuse

Land

Natural Resource